The Professor
The Class $\begin{array}{r}\text { Overview } \\ \text { The Class．．．} \\ \text { Introduction } \\ \text { Application }\end{array}$

## Numerical Analysis and Computing

Lecture Notes \＃01－First Meeting

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\text { Spring } 2010
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## Outline

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| Office Hours | MW： $1-2,3-4)$, <br> and by appointment |The Professor

－Contact Information，Office Hours
（2）The Class－Overview
－Literature \＆Syllabus
－Grading
－CSU Employee Furloughs
－Expectations and Procedures
The Class．
－Resources
－Formal Prerequisites
introduction
－The What？Why？and How？
Application
－Analysis

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Literature \＆Syllabus
Grading
CSU Employee Furloughs
Expectations and Procedures
Basic Information：The Book


## Title：

＂Numerical Analysis，＂ 8th Edition

## Authors：

Richard L．Burden \＆
J．Douglas Faires
Publisher：
Thomson－Brooks／Cole
ISBN：
0－534－39200－8


Due to extraordinary budget cuts to the CSU，student fees have increased $32 \%$ ，many sections have been cut and faculty will be required to take nine（9）unpaid furlough days each semester．

This is the result of a dramatic cut to the CSU by the state after years of under－funding the system．

Most class attendance is OPTIONAL－Homework and announcements will be posted on the class web page．If／when you attend class：
－Please be on time．
－Please pay attention．
－Please turn off mobile phones．

－Please be courteous to other students and the instructor．
－Abide by university statutes，and all applicable local，state，and federal laws．

## Expectations and Procedures，II

－Please，turn in assignments on time．（The instructor reserves the right not to accept late assignments．）
－The instructor will make special arrangements for students with documented learning disabilities and will try to make accommodations for other unforeseen circumstances，e．g． illness，personal／family crises，etc．in a way that is fair to all students enrolled in the class．Please contact the instructor EARLY regarding special circumstances．
－Students are expected and encouraged to ask questions in class！
－Students are expected and encouraged to to make use of office hours！If you cannot make it to the scheduled office hours：contact the instructor to schedule an appointment！

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| Honesty Pledges，｜ |  |  |

－The following Honesty Pledge must be included in all programs you submit（as part of homework and／or projects）：
－I，（your name），pledge that this program is completely my own work，and that I did not take，borrow or steal code from any other person，and that I did not allow any other person to use， have，borrow or steal portions of my code．I understand that if I violate this honesty pledge，I am subject to disciplinary action pursuant to the appropriate sections of the San Diego State University Policies．
－Work missing the honesty pledge may not be graded！


## Expectations and Procedures，III

－Missed midterm exams：Don＇t miss exams！The instructor reserves the right to schedule make－up exams，make such exams oral presentation，and／or base the grade solely on other work（including the final exam）．
－Missed final exam：Don＇t miss the final！Contact the instructor ASAP or a grade of incomplete or F will be assigned．
－Academic honesty：submit your own work－but feel free to discuss homework with other students in the class！

－Larger reports must contain the following text：
－I，（your name），pledge that this report is completely my own work，and that I did not take，borrow or steal any portions from any other person．Any and all references I used are clearly cited in the text．I understand that if I violate this honesty pledge，I am subject to disciplinary action pursuant to the appropriate sections of the San Diego State University Policies．Your signature．
－Work missing the honesty pledge may not be graded！

－Access to a（somewhat）current release of Matlab is highly recommended．
－Class accounts for the GMCS－422／428 labs will be available （username／password next class meeting）．
－You can also use the Rohan Sun Enterprise system or another capable system．
－How to open a ROHAN account： http：／／www－rohan．sdsu．edu／raccts．shtml
－You may also want to consider buying the student version of Matlab：http：／／www．mathworks．com／


Math 254，or Math 342A
$254 \Rightarrow$ Introduction to Linear Algebra
－Matrix Algebra，Gaussian elimination，determinants， vector spaces，linear transformations，orthogonality， eigenvalues and eigenvectors．
$342 \mathrm{~A} \Rightarrow$ Methods of Applied Mathematics，I
－Vector analysis，divergence and Stokes＇theorem，integral theorems．Matrix analysis，eigenvalues and eigenvectors， diagonalization．Introduction to ODEs．Computer software for matrix applications，solving，and graphing differential equations．
$106 \Rightarrow$ Intro to Programming：FORTRAN
－Problem solving using a computer，design of algorithms．
$107 \Rightarrow$ Intro to Programming：JAVA
－Programming methodology and problem solving．Basic concepts of computer systems，algorithm design and development，data types，program structures．
$205 \Rightarrow$ Intro to Programming and Visualization
－Problem solving skills for science，computing／software tools of computational science，computer communica－ tions，programming and visualization．
－Professor Joe Mahaffy thanks Professors Peter Blomgren and Don Short for extensive access to their experience and notes for this course．
－I will borrow heavily，edit，and post on the web the notes and homework assignments created from these past instructors， especially Peter Blomgren．
－Numerical tools for problem solving：

| $\Rightarrow$ powertool | Newton＇s Method for $f(x)=0$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\Rightarrow$ powertool | Least squares approximation． |
| $\Rightarrow$ powertool | The Fast Fourier Transform（FFT）． |
| $\Rightarrow$ tool | Polynomial Interpolation． |
| $\Rightarrow$ tool | Numerical differentiation and integration． |
| $\Rightarrow$ foundation | Taylor＇s Theorem． |
| $\Rightarrow$ foundation | Weierstrass＇Theorem． |

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## Math 541：Introduction－Computing Efficiency

Numerical tools for problem solving：
－Computers are getting faster，but the computer＇s speed is only one（a big one for sure！）part of the overall performance for a computation．．．
－Computing speed depends on FLOPS（floating－point opera－ tions or number of additions and multiplications）and memory accesses．These are largely questions of computer architecture and won＇t be examined in this course much．
－Numerical Algorithms are the center of this course，and their efficiency affects performance．

## Model for Conrol by Repression

Let $x_{1}(t)$ be the concentration of mRNA and $x_{2}(t)$ be the concentration of the tryptophan（endproduct）．This process is often called endproduct inhibition，and it is a negative feedback system．These systems，especially with delays，can result in oscillatory behavior．

$$
\begin{aligned}
\frac{d x_{1}(t)}{d t} & =\frac{a_{1}}{1+k x_{2}^{n}(t-R)}-b_{1} x_{1}(t) \\
\frac{d x_{2}(t)}{d t} & =a_{2} x_{1}(t)-b_{2} x_{2}(t)
\end{aligned}
$$

This is a system of first order delay differential equations，which is infinite dimensional because of the need for initial data including a history of the solution on the interval $[-R, 0]$ ．

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| Introduction |
| Application | $\quad$ Analysis

## Equilibrium Analysis

－Qualitative analysis of any differential equation begins with finding all equilibria for the system．
－The equilibria are found by solving the derivatives equal to zero．

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\frac{a_{1}}{1+k \bar{x}_{2}^{n}}-b_{1} \bar{x}_{1}=0 \\
a_{2} \bar{x}_{1}-b_{2} \bar{x}_{2}=0
\end{array}
$$

－This gives a system of nonlinear equations equal to zero，which usually require numerically methods to approximate the equi－ libria．Here it easily reduces to a nonlinear scalar equation， $f(x)=0$ ，which early in this course，we learn to solve．

$$
\frac{a_{1}}{1+k \bar{x}_{2}^{n}}-\frac{b_{1} b_{2}}{a_{2}} \bar{x}_{2}=0 \quad \text { with } \quad \bar{x}_{1}=\frac{b_{2}}{a_{2}} \bar{x}_{2}
$$

## Simulation of Repression Model

Simulated model with $a_{1}=2, a_{2}=b_{1}=b_{2}=1, n=4$ ，and $R=2$ ．
MatLab simulation uses package DDE23．You will study a related algorithm in Math 542，the Runge－Kutta－Felberg method for integrating ordinary differential equations（numerically solving the ODE）．


## Characteristic Equation

－The characteristic equation is used to study the local（linear） behavior near an equilibrium．
－The characteristic equation for delay differential equations is found like one does for ordinary differential equations（Math 537），but the result is an exponential polynomial with an infinite number of solutions．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left|\begin{array}{cc}
-b_{1}-\lambda & f^{\prime}\left(\bar{x}_{2}\right) e^{-\lambda R} \\
a_{2} & -b_{2}-\lambda
\end{array}\right|=0 \\
& \left(\lambda+b_{1}\right)\left(\lambda+b_{2}\right)-a_{2} f^{\prime}\left(\bar{x}_{2}\right) e^{-\lambda R}=0
\end{aligned}
$$

Need to find complex solutions to this equation．

## Characteristic Equation－Finding Eigenvalues

－The numerical simulation showed damped oscillations which suggests that all eigenvalues have negative real part．
－The characteristic equation is studied by letting $\lambda=\mu+i \nu$ ， which gives

$$
\left(\mu+i \nu+b_{1}\right)\left(\mu+i \nu+b_{2}\right)-a_{2} f^{\prime}\left(\bar{x}_{2}\right) e^{-\mu R}(\cos (\nu R)-i \sin (\nu R))=0
$$

－This is solved numerically by simultaneously finding the real and imaginary parts equal to zero．Solving two nonlinear equations in two unknowns uses vector and matrix methods to extend our technique for solving $f(x)=0$ ．We may get to these algorithms in this class，but they certainly appear in Math 693A．

## Characteristic Equation－Numerical Eigenvalues

－This course examines some of the basics behind the packages for solving these problems．MatLab allows users to examine the coding algorithm，so knowledge from this course helps you better choose amongst different packages．
－We employed Maple＇s fsolve routine，and the first three pairs of eigenvalues with the largest imaginary parts are found．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \lambda_{1,2}=-0.19423 \pm 0.98036 i \\
& \lambda_{3,4}=-0.55573 \pm 3.9550 i \\
& \lambda_{5,6}=-0.0 .68084 \pm 7.07985 i
\end{aligned}
$$

These eigenvalues show the damped oscillatory behavior and indicate the intervals between maxima are about $2 \pi$ time units．

Maple code available from Website．

